How to Write a Summary

A summary is a good way to show that you have read and understood something.

- 1. Read the article to be summarized and be sure you understand it.
- 2. Outline the article. Note the major points.
- 3. Write a first draft of the summary without looking at the article.
- 4. Always paraphrase when writing a summary [This means to use different words—your own words—to simplify and clarify what the original passage contained]. If you do copy a phrase from the original be sure it is a very important phrase that is necessary and cannot be paraphrased. In this case put "quotation marks" around the phrase.
- 5. Target your first draft for approximately 1/4 the length of the original.

The features of a summary:

- 1. Start your summary with a clear identification of the type of work, title, author, and main point in the present tense.
 - Example: In the feature article "Four Kinds of Reading," the author, Donald Hall, explains his opinion about different types of reading.
- 2. Check with your outline and your original to make sure you have covered the important points.
- 3. Never put any of your own ideas, opinions, or interpretations into the summary. This means you have to be very careful of your word choice.
- 4. Write using "summarizing language." Periodically remind your reader that this is a summary by using phrases such as *the article claims, the author suggests, etc.*

http://public.wsu.edu/~mejia/Summary.htm