		4 – Excelling	3 – Meeting	2 – Approaching	1 – Working Below
Speaking and Listening - 4	Oral Comprehension (Listening)	Consistently understands simple information and questions, as well as have conversations regarding personal information and daily life with someone who speaks clearly (e.g., family, friends, activities). Consistently follows the main points of a message and changes of topic with visual aids (tone, gestures, etc.). Consistently understands what people say to be able to meet immediate needs (e.g., hurt, sad, hungry).	Routinely understands simple information and questions, as well as have conversations regarding personal information and daily life with someone who speaks clearly (e.g., family, friends, activities). Usually follows the main points of a message and changes of topic with visual aids (tone, gestures, etc.). Routinely understands what people say to be able to meet immediate needs (e.g., hurt, sad, hungry).	Partially understands simple information and questions, as well as have conversations regarding personal information and daily life with someone who speaks clearly (e.g., family, friends, activities). Occasionally follows the main points of a message and changes of topic with visual aids (tone, gestures, etc.). Partially understands what people say to be able to meet immediate needs (e.g., hurt, sad, hungry	Rarely understands simple information and questions, as well as have conversations regarding personal information and daily life with someone who speaks clearly (e.g., family, friends, activities). Seldom follows the main points of a message and changes of topic with visual aids (tone, gestures, etc.). Rarely understands what people say to be able to meet immediate needs (e.g., hurt, sad, hungry).
	Oral Production (Speaking)	Thoughtfully describes people, places and things that are of interest, including likes and dislikes (e.g., family, home, school, activities). Expertly presents something well known when prepared in advance.	Easily describes people, places and things that are of interest, including likes and dislikes (e.g., family, home, school, activities). Adeptly presents something well known when prepared in advance.	Somewhat describes people, places and things that are of interest, including likes and dislikes (e.g., family, home, school, activities). Presents something well known with support when prepared in advance.	Barely describes people, places and things that are of interest, including likes and dislikes (e.g., family, home, school, activities). Seldom presents something well known even with support.
	Oral Interaction (Speaking and Listening)	Regularly asks for clarification when something is not understood. Regularly uses a variety of strategies to communicate messages when lacking vocabulary (e.g., using gestures, describing, visual support). Promptly expresses certain feelings and asks people how they feel regarding general events, preferences, etc. Frequently exchanges information, asks questions and reacts to personal everyday matters.	Usually asks for clarification when something is not understood. Usually uses a variety of strategies to communicate messages when lacking vocabulary (e.g., using gestures, describing, visual support). Readily expresses certain feelings and asks people how they feel regarding personal events, preferences, etc. Generally exchanges information, asks questions and reacts to personal everyday matters.	Occasionally asks for clarification when something is not understood with prompting. Sometimes uses a variety of strategies to communicate messages when lacking vocabulary (e.g., using gestures, describing, visual support).with prompting. Occasionally expresses certain feelings and asks people how they feel using simple words regarding personal events, preferences, etc. Partially exchanges information, asks questions and reacts to personal everyday matters.	Rarely asks for clarification when something is not understood with prompting. Seldom uses a variety of strategies to communicate messages when lacking vocabulary (e.g., using gestures, describing, visual support). with prompting. Rarely expresses certain feelings and asks people how they feel using simple words with support regarding personal events, preferences, etc. Rarely exchanges information, asks questions and reacts to personal everyday matters. ortfolio, presentations, etc.

		4 – Excelling	3 – Meeting	2 – Approaching	1 – Working Below	
ing and Viewing- 4	Strategies and Behaviours	Frequently uses appropriate strategies to help with comprehension of written texts phonological awareness to decode words -meaning, structure and visual cues - small words within larger ones to make sense - uses illustrations - rereading when necessary Regularly uses intonation, expression and respect punctuation Consistently recognizes sounds (e.g., ou, en, eau, è) Consistently uses comprehension strategies for understanding: -clarify, predict, visualize, retell, question, make inferences Promptly exchanges ideas and point of view during various reading activities using short & simple sentences (i.e.: guided reading,	Generally uses appropriate strategies to help with comprehension of written texts: - phonological awareness to decode words -meaning, structure and visual cues - small words within larger ones to make sense - uses illustrations - rereading when necessary Usually uses intonation, expression and respect punctuation Routinely recognizes sounds (e.g., ou, en, eau, è) Routinely uses comprehension strategies for understanding: -clarify, predict, visualize, retell, question, make inferences Readily exchanges ideas and point of view during various reading activities using short & simple sentences (i.e.: guided reading,	Occasionally uses appropriate strategies to help with comprehension of written texts. - phonological awareness to decode words -meaning, structure and visual cues - small words within larger ones to make sense - uses illustrations - rereading when necessary Occasionally uses intonation, expression and respect punctuation Sometimes recognizes sounds (e.g., ou, en, eau, è) At times uses comprehension strategies for understanding: -clarify, predict, visualize, retell, question, make inferences Exchanges ideas and point of view during various reading activities using short & simple sentences with support (i.e.: guided reading, shared reading,	Rarely uses appropriate strategies to help with comprehension of written texts. - phonological awareness to decode words -meaning, structure and visual cues - small words within larger ones to make sense - uses illustrations - rereading when necessary Rarely uses intonation, expression and respect punctuation Recognizes sounds with support (e.g., ou, en, eau, è) Hardly ever uses comprehension strategies for understanding: -clarify, predict, visualize, retell, question, make inferences Exchanges ideas and point of view during various reading activities using short & simple sentences with extensive support and prompting (i.e.:	
Reading	of Text Comprehension plexity	shared reading, etc.) Regularly and thoughtfully answers literal, inferential and critical questions. Efficiently summarizes and describes the main points and main ideas in narrative, informative, persuasive and procedural texts. Regularly describes the key elements of fiction and non-fiction texts.	shared reading, etc.) Routinely and effectively answers literal, inferential and critical questions. Often summarizes and describes the main points and main ideas in narrative, informative, persuasive and procedural texts. Usually describes the key elements of fiction and non-fiction texts. Generally describes the purpose of	etc.) To some extent answers literal, inferential and/or critical questions with support. Sometimes summarizes and describes the main points and main ideas in narrative, informative, persuasive and procedural texts with support. With prompting describes the key elements of fiction and non-fiction texts.	guided reading, shared reading, etc.) Nominally answers literal, inferential and/or critical questions with support. Rarely summarizes and describes the main points and main ideas in narrative, informative, persuasive and procedural texts with support. Rarely describes the key elements of fiction and non-fiction texts with considerable support.	
	Level o	Frequently describes the purpose of narrative, informative, persuasive and procedural texts.	narrative, informative, persuasive and procedural texts.	Sometimes describes the purpose of narrative, informative, persuasive and procedural texts with some support.	Nominally describes the purpose of narrative, informative, persuasive and procedural texts with support.	
	Evide	Evidence: running records, conferences, guided practices, language portfolios, rubrics, checklists, etc.				

		4 – Excelling	3 – Meeting	2 – Approaching	1 – Working Below
Writing and Representing- 4	Strategies and Behaviours	Frequently describes personal experiences and daily activities using simple and complex sentences (e.g., family, friends, activities).	Generally describes personal experiences and daily activities using simple and complex sentences (e.g., family, friends, activities).	To some extent describes personal experiences and daily activities using simple and some complex sentences (e.g., family, friends, activities).	With limited language nominally describes personal experiences and daily activities using simple and some complex sentences (e.g., family, friends, activities).
		Regularly writes personal notes (e.g., agenda, journal, reminders). With a balanced writing program (e.g., modelling, shared) frequently writes a structured text. Eagerly participates and contributes in classroom discussions/activities (e.g., brainstorms, graphic organizers, writing process). Skilfully completes the writing process (e.g., plan, draft, revise). Consistently uses writing tools and resources (word wall, models, visual dictionaries, etc.)	Usually writes personal notes (e.g., agenda, journal, reminders). With a balanced writing program (e.g., modelling, shared) usually writes a structured text. Readily participates and contributes in classroom discussions/activities (e.g., brainstorms, graphic organizers, writing process). Routinely completes the writing process (e.g., plan, draft, revise). Generally uses writing tools and resources (word wall, models, visual dictionaries, etc.)	Occasionally writes personal notes (e.g., agenda, journal, reminders). With a balanced writing program (e.g., modelling, shared) occasionally writes a structured text. At times participates and contributes in classroom discussions/activities (e.g., brainstorms, graphic organizers, writing process). Superficially completes the writing process (e.g., plan, draft, revise). Sometimes uses writing tools and resources (word wall, models, visual dictionaries, etc.)	Seldom writes personal notes (e.g., agenda, journal, reminders). With a balanced writing program (e.g., modelling, shared) seldom write a structured text even with support and prompting. Hardly ever participates and contributes in classroom discussions/activities (e.g., brainstorms, graphic organizers, writing process). Inappropriately completes the writing process (e.g., plan, draft, revise).even with support and prompting. Rarely or inappropriately uses writing tools and resources (word wall, models, visual dictionaries, etc.) even with support and prompting.
	Traits	Regularly applies and demonstrates the 6 traits of writing (ideas, organization, sentence structure, voice, word choice, conventions) in conjunction with the writing norms for the end of grade 4.	Usually applies and demonstrates the 6 traits of writing (ideas, organization, sentence structure, voice, word choice, conventions) in conjunction with the writing norms for the end of grade 4.	Occasionally applies and demonstrates the 6 traits of writing (ideas, organization, sentence structure, voice, word choice, conventions) in conjunction with the writing norms for the end of grade 4 with some support.	Rarely applies and demonstrates the 6 traits of writing (ideas, organization, sentence structure, voice, word choice, conventions) in conjunction with the writing norms for the end of grade 4 with support.
	Text Forms	Through a balanced writing program, consistently uses forms: - narrative - informative - persuasive - poetic/expressive Consistently selects presentation mode (written, visual, multimedia) to transmit information based on: - audience and purpose	Through a balanced writing program, generally uses forms: - narrative - informative - persuasive - poetic/expressive Generally selects presentation mode (written, visual, multimedia) to transmit information based on: - audience and purpose	Through a balanced writing program, occasionally uses forms with some support: - narrative - informative - persuasive - poetic/expressive Occasionally selects presentation mode (written, visual, multimedia) to transmit information based on:	Through a balanced writing program, rarely uses forms with support and prompting: - narrative - informative - persuasive - poetic/expressive Rarely selects presentation mode (written, visual, multimedia) to transmit information based on:

	- student's knowledge and experiences.	- student's knowledge and experiences.	- audience and purpose - student's knowledge and experiences.	- audience and purpose - student's knowledge and experiences.	
Evidence: collection of students work overtime (published and not published), journals, language portfolios, conferences, self-reflections, rubrics, checklists, benchmarks assessments, etc.					