## Ohm's Law

Sample Problems:
(1) What is the current for a voltage of 15 V
and a resistance of $5 \Omega$ ?
$V=15 \mathrm{~V} \quad I=V \div R$
$R=5 \Omega \quad I=15 \mathrm{~V} \div 5 \Omega$
$I=? \quad I=3 \mathrm{~A}$
The current is 3 A .
(2) If the current is 1.20 A and the resistance
is $100 \Omega$, what is the voltage?
$I=1.20 \mathrm{~A}$
$R=100 \Omega \quad V=I \times R$
$V=? \quad V=(1.20 \mathrm{~A})(100 \Omega)$
$V=120 \mathrm{~V}$
The voltage is 120 V .
(3) If the voltage is 320 V and the currant is 18.5A, what is the resistance?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
V=320 \mathrm{~V} & R=V \div I \\
T=18.5 \mathrm{~A} & R=(320 \mathrm{~V}) \div(18.5 \mathrm{~A}) \\
\hline R=? & R=17.3 \Omega
\end{array}
$$

The resistance is $17.3 \Omega$.

Practice Problems:

1. If the current is 4.7 A and the resistance of $26 \Omega$, what is the voltage?
2. Calculate the voltage if the current is 0.5 A and the resistance is $15 \Omega$.
3. Calculate the voltage if the resistance is $12 \Omega$ and the current is 0.7 A .
4. Calculate the current if the voltage is 120 V and the resistance is $34 \Omega$.
5. Calculate the current if the resistance is $24 \Omega$ and the voltage is 110 V .
6. Calculate the resistance if the voltage is 115 V and the current is 1.2 A .
7. Calculate the resistance if the current is 0.8 A and the voltage is 130 V .
