6.7 & 5.8 Producing Plants Without Seeds

All species must reproduce. In sexual reproduction, genetic information from two cells is combined to make a zygote that develops into a new organism. In asexual reproduction, a single organism produces a genetically identical offspring. There are five types of asexual reproduction:

- 1. binary fission one organism splits into two organisms
- 2. budding the offspring begins as a small growth on the parent and eventually breaks off
- 3. fragmentation a new organism is formed from a part that breaks off from the parent
- 4. spore formation many small identical cells, called spores, are produced that can develop into mature organisms

vegetative reproduction – runners are produced that can develop into a new plant.